



Sensors
Converge

Simplifying your design with Hall-effect sensors

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#SensorsConverge

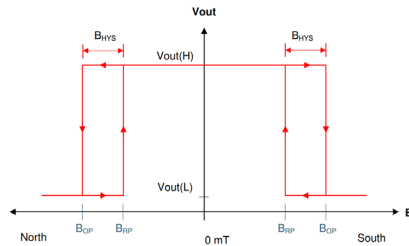
Agenda

- Hall-effect Sensor Types
- Design Options
 - Linear Displacement
 - Hinged Rotation
 - Axial Rotation
 - Joystick
- Free Tools
 - FEMM
 - MagPyLib
 - Magnetic Sense Enhanced Proximity Tool

Hall-effect sensor types

Switch

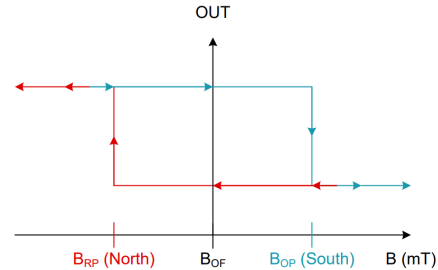
- Operate and Release thresholds
- Omni-polar or uni-polar



- Limit Detection

Latch

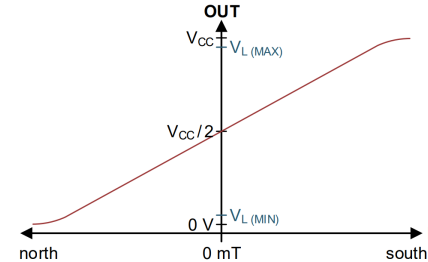
- Symmetric operate and release thresholds for alternating fields



- Speed and Direction
- Motor Commutation

Analog linear

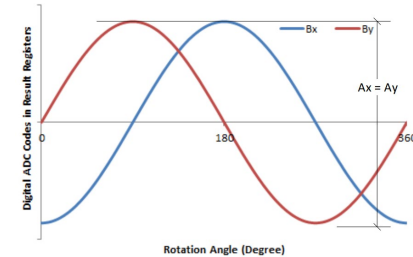
- Produce a linear output voltage with changing magnetic fields



- Linear Arrays
- Angle

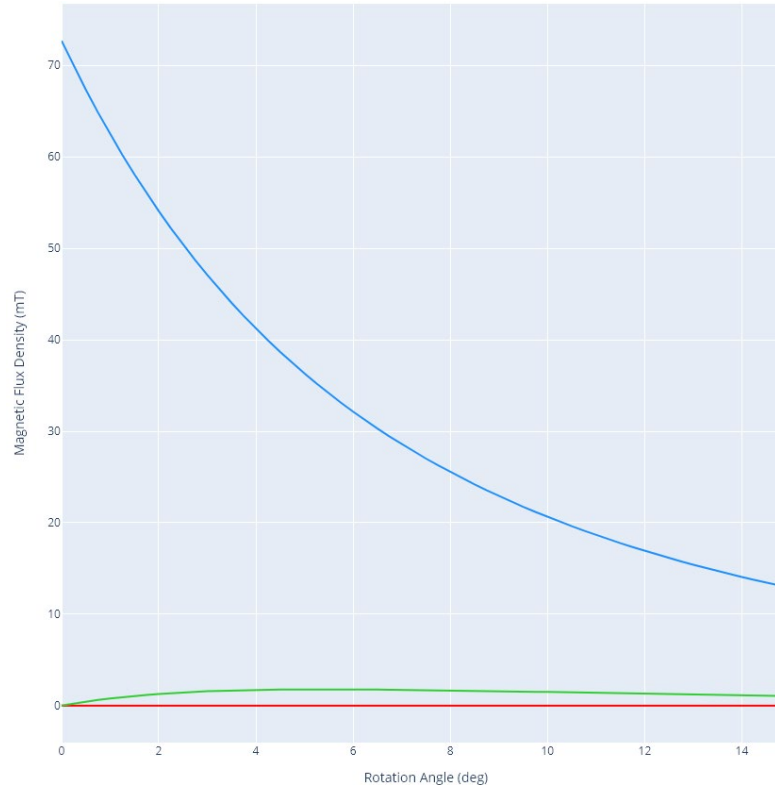
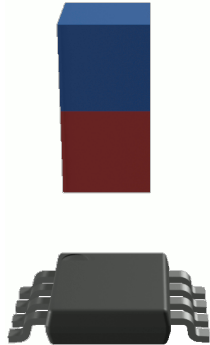
Digital linear

- Integrated ADC and digital interface for programmable sensors
- Support 3D sensor configurations



- Absolute Field
- Tamper detect
- Angle

Hinged rotation



— Bx
— By
— Bz

- Exponential decay closely resembling the head-on equation

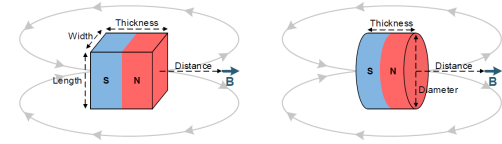


Figure 20: Rectangular Block and Cylinder Magnets

Use Equation 1 for the rectangular block shown in Figure 20:

$$\vec{B} = \frac{B_r}{\pi} \left(\arctan\left(\frac{WL}{2D\sqrt{4D^2 + W^2 + L^2}}\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{WL}{2(D+T)\sqrt{4(D+T)^2 + W^2 + L^2}}\right) \right) \quad (1)$$

Use Equation 2 for the cylinder shown in Figure 20:

$$\vec{B} = \frac{B_r}{2} \left(\frac{D+T}{\sqrt{(0.5C)^2 + (D+T)^2}} - \frac{D}{\sqrt{(0.5C)^2 + D^2}} \right)$$

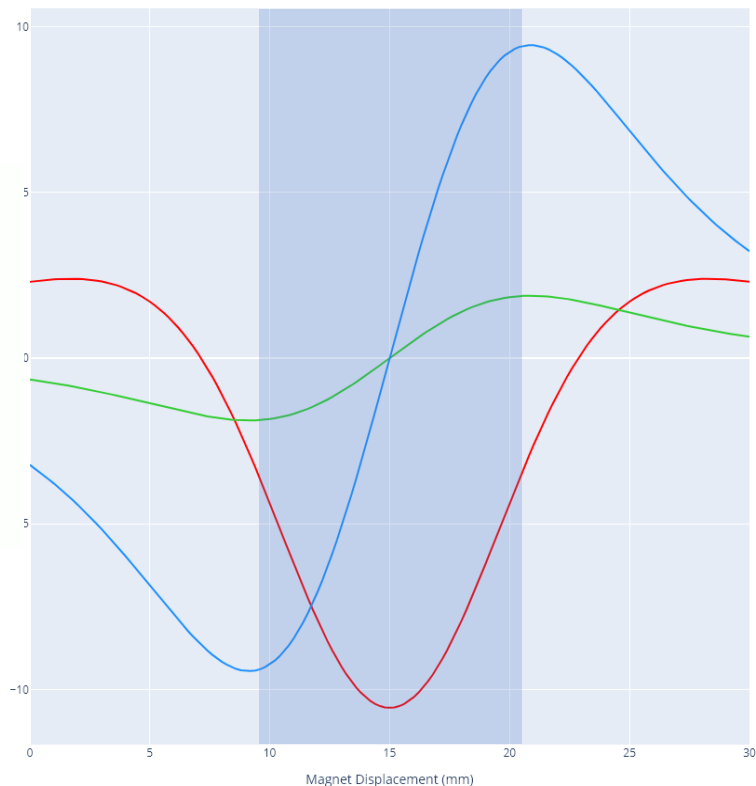
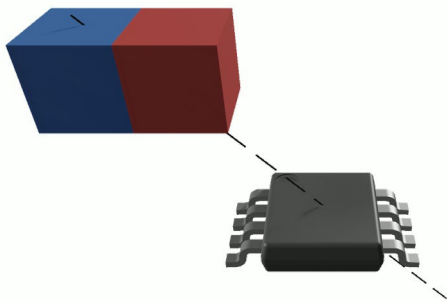
where

- W is width.
- L is length.
- T is thickness (the direction of magnetization).
- D is distance.
- C is diameter.

(2)

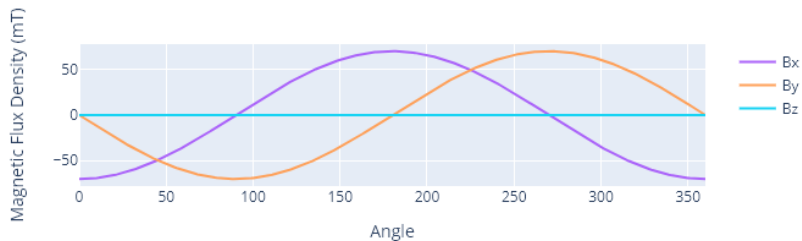
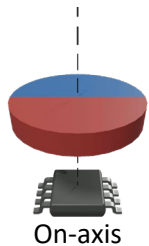
- Design for B_{OP} max and B_{RP} min for robust design

Linear displacement

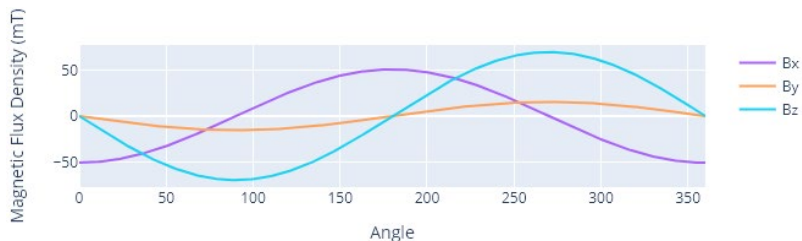
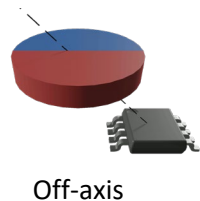


- Linear region \approx magnet length
- 1D sensors can only be used for the linear region
- 3D sensors can expand range by using full vector

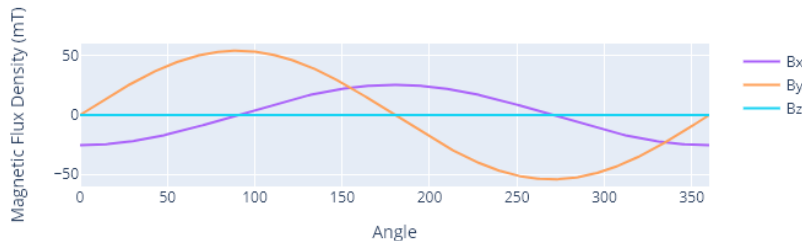
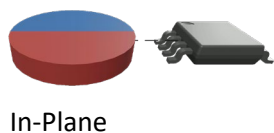
Axial rotation



- Field components are naturally 90 degrees separated in phase

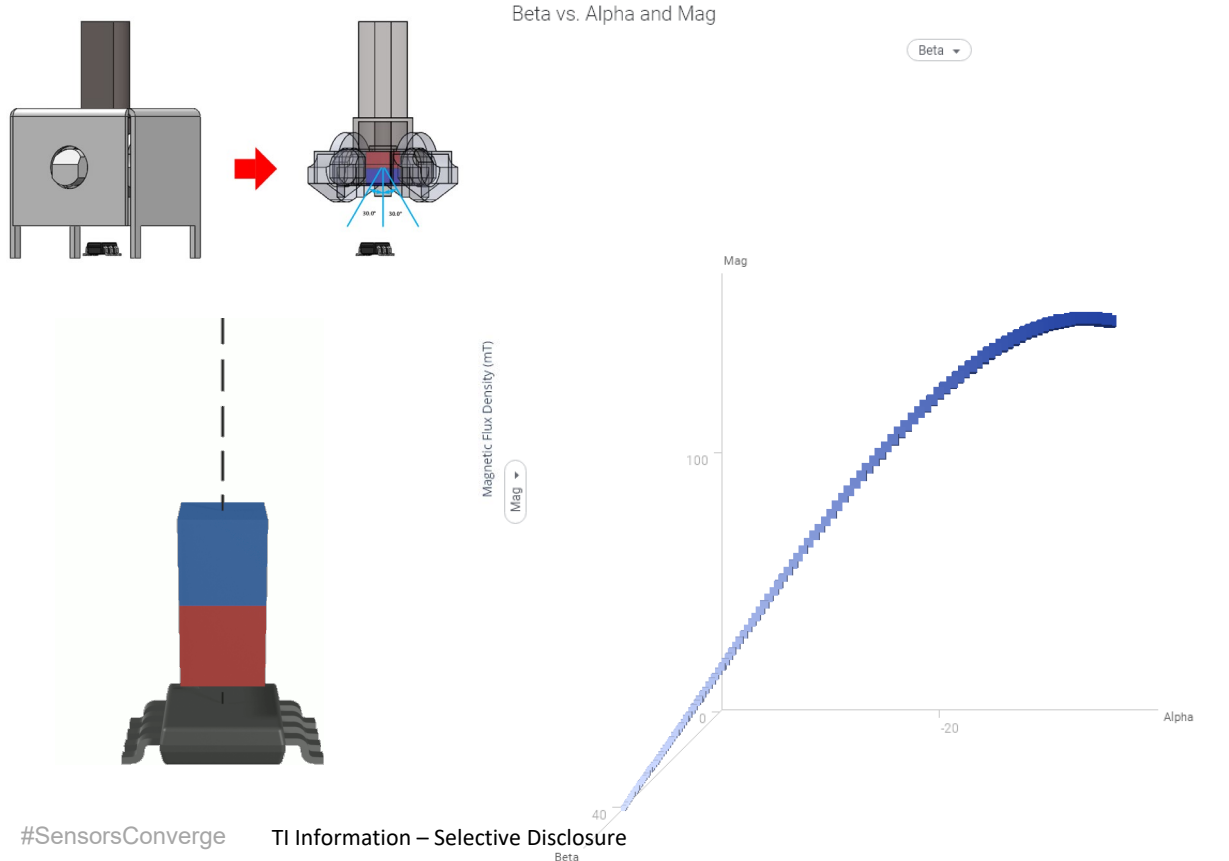


- Arctangent can be used to calculate absolute angle
- Amplitude mismatch will result in non-linearity.



- This error can be corrected using scalar amplitude correction.

Joystick tilt



- Similar profile to slide-by example in linear displacement
- Commonly tracked using Alpha and Beta angles:

$$\alpha = \text{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{B_z^2 + B_x^2}}{B_y} \right)$$

$$\beta = \text{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{B_z^2 + B_y^2}}{B_x} \right)$$

$$\text{magnitude} = \sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2 + B_z^2}$$

Design options

Solve using Equations

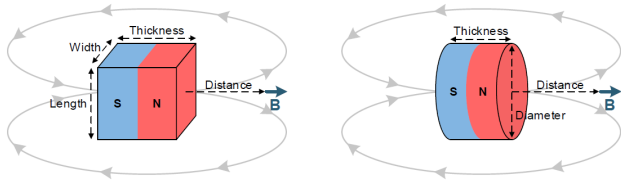


Figure 20: Rectangular Block and Cylinder Magnets

Use Equation 1 for the rectangular block shown in Figure 20:

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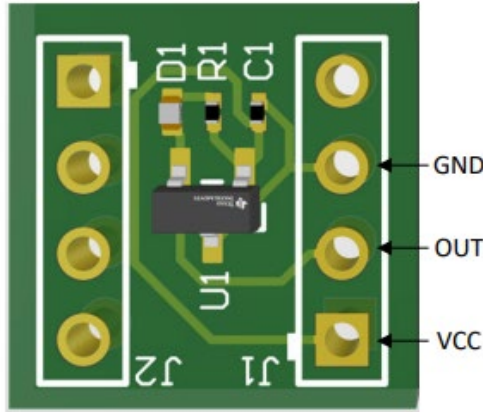
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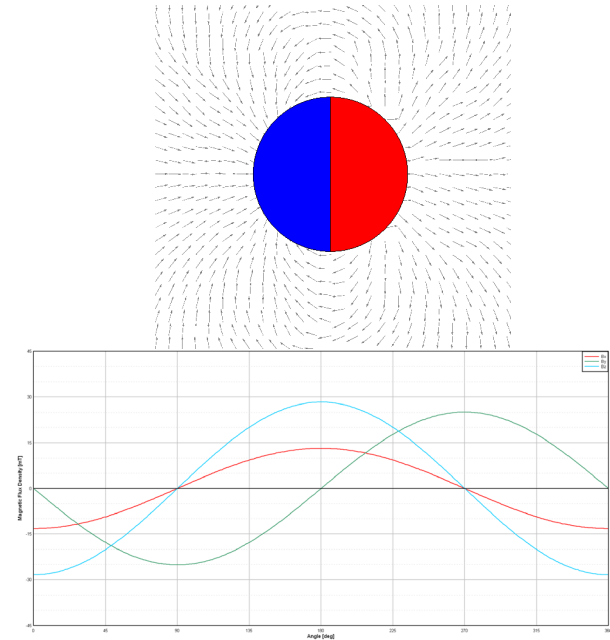
Time consuming and difficult

Iterate Prototypes



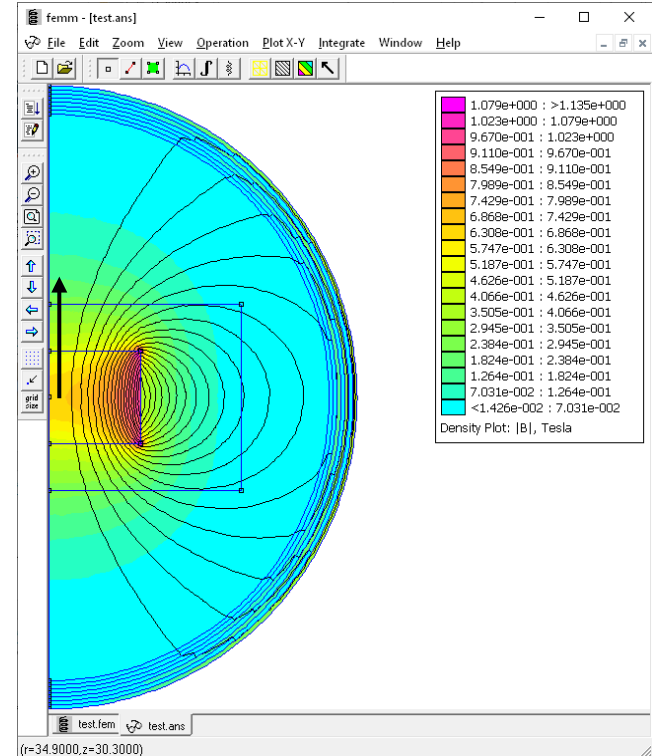
Immediate feedback on design, but expensive to iterate

Simulations and Tools



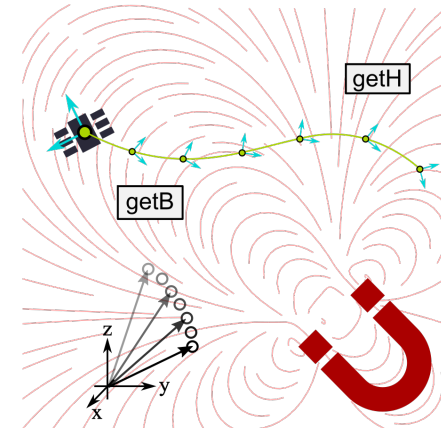
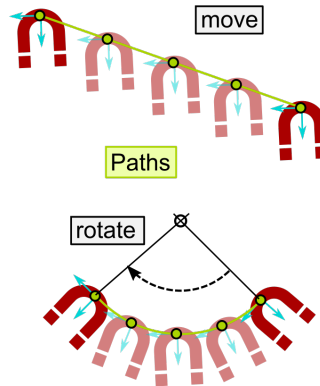
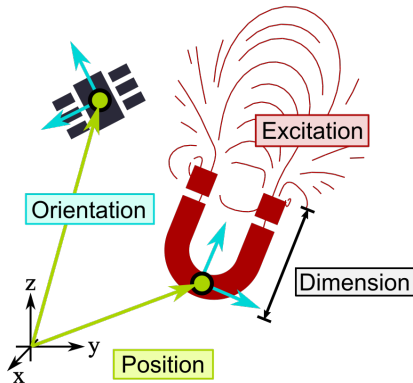
FEMM – Finite Element Method Magnetics

- Free to download and Open Source
- Simulates in 2D, either assuming radial symmetry or infinite length
- Doesn't support all magnet shapes, but runs quickly with a mesh based algorithm



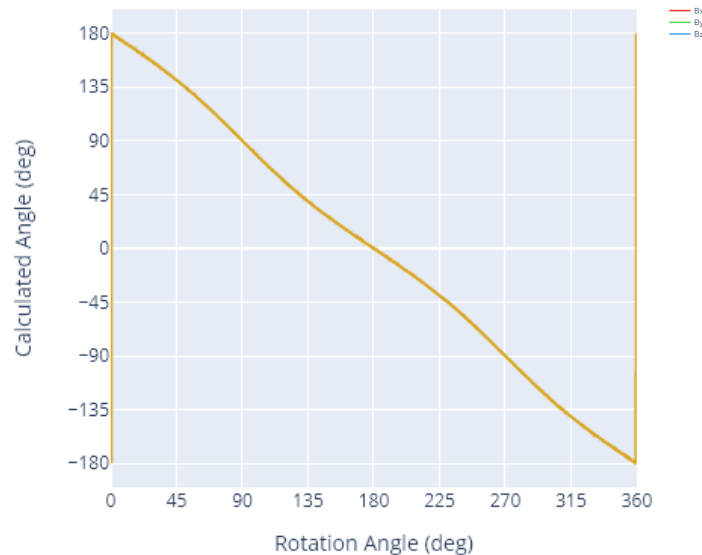
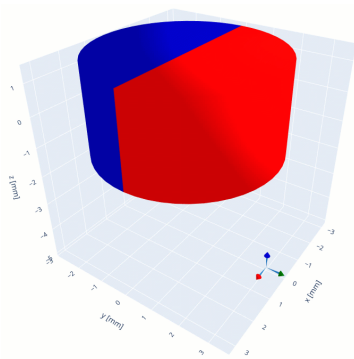
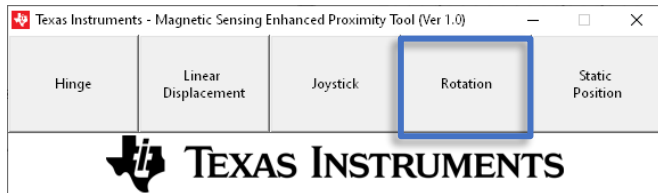
MagPy Lib

- Free to download and Open Source
- Equation based algorithm that supports a variety of magnet shapes and pole arrangements using superposition
- Full 3D Support
- Runs extremely fast and comparable to industry standard tools
- Does not support materials that interact with magnetic fields (i.e. Steel, Nickel, Chrome)



Magnetic Sense Enhanced Proximity Tool

- Free downloadable
 - Webtool format (TIMSS) deploying in June 2023
- Built using the MagPyLib tool
- Supports all the motion types discussed
- Includes device output emulation for rapid system verification
- Runs many times faster than mesh algorithms for quick evaluation



Resources

- FEMM: <https://www.femm.info/wiki/HomePage>
- MagPyLib: <https://magpylib.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>
- Magnetic Sense Enhanced Proximity Tool: <https://www.ti.com/tool/download/MAGNETIC-SENSE-ENHANCED-PROXIMITY/1.0>
- Equation Based Articles:
 - <https://pubs.aip.org/aapt/ajp/article/78/3/229/1058297/Cylindrical-magnets-and-ideal-solenoids>
 - <https://www.jpier.org/issues/reader.html?pid=11112606>
 - <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/6392436>
 - <https://hal.science/hal-01011497/>

Questions?
