



Sensors
Converge

Finding Flow: Noninvasive, Wireless, Wearable Fluid Sensing for the Human Body

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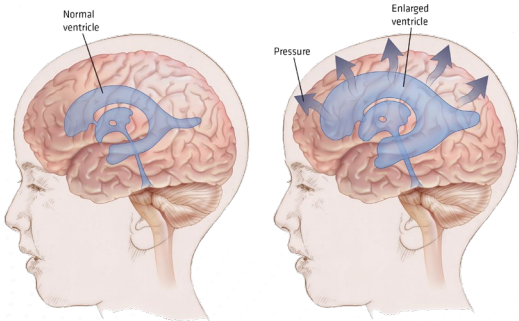
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#SensorsConverge

HYDROCEPHALUS



Chronic condition with no cure caused by excess fluid in the brain



NORMAL PATIENT

HYDROCEPHALUS PATIENT

Total Patient Population in the US

1 MILLION+ patients

Population Breakdown



~4,000-8,000

infants are born each year with hydrocephalus¹



~700,000+

seniors have hydrocephalus¹

Cost of Care

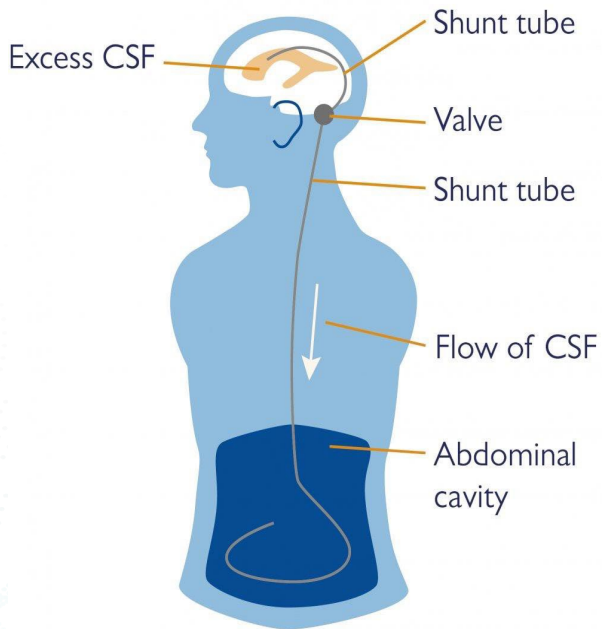


\$2 billion estimated hospital charges for hydrocephalus in US hospitals

>\$50k estimated cost of single hospital visit for shunt placement or repair

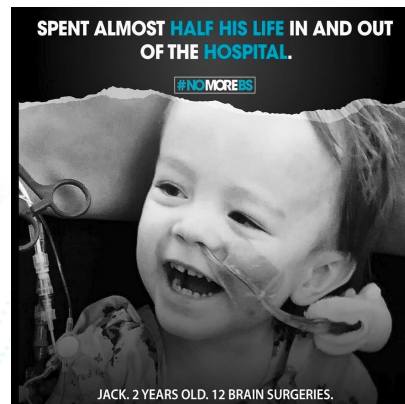
Standard treatment

Shunts = tubing that "drains the brain" of excess fluid



Shunt Problems

- **50%** of shunts fail within **2 years**
- Fail due to infection, obstruction, & disconnection
- Symptoms are non-specific: headache, lethargy, nausea, etc.
- Need to be revised = another neurosurgery
- High clinical costs for shunted patients



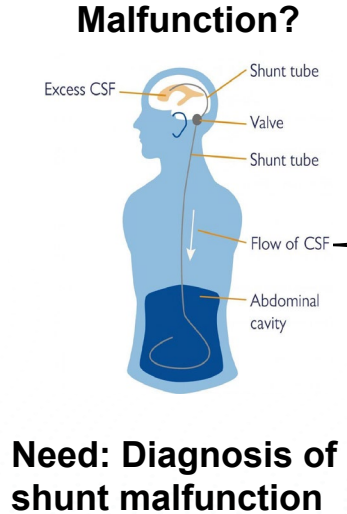
CHALLENGE: DIFFICULT SHUNT FUNCTION DIAGNOSTICS



No Good Options Today No Direct Measure of Shunt Flow or Pressure



Shunted patient presents w/ non-specific symptoms



CT Scan
65%/84% Sens./Spec.

*Radiation
Capital Equipment Scheduling
Need Specialist*

Shunt Tap
31%/89% Sens./Spec.

*Invasive
OR Scheduling
Need Specialist*

Shunt Series
18%/97% Sens./Spec.

*Radiation
Capital Equipment Scheduling
Need Specialist*

MRI
51%/89% Sens./Spec.

*Capital Equipment Scheduling
Need Specialist*

Boyle (2014) Pediatrics
Boyle (2017) PAS
Desai (2007) Pediatric Radiology
Griffey (2007) Radiology

Lehnert (2011) Emergency Radiology
Mater (2008) CJEM
Vassilyadi (2010) J Neurosurgery Pediatrics
Zorc (2002) Pediatric Emergency Care

HOW DO WE GET A MORE DIRECT MEASURE OF IMPLANTED SHUNT PATENCY?



Intracranial Pressure

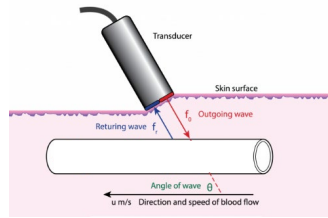
- Direct measure of pressure buildup
- Invasive (probe into brain)
- Ongoing research into implantable and noninvasive wearable solutions (some traction out of Brazil).



Natus Camino® 1104L Catheter

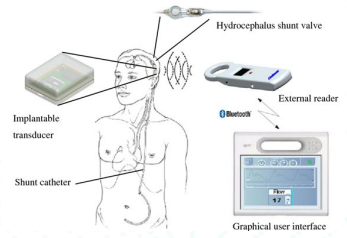
Ultrasound

- Normal CSF lacks natural Doppler scatterers
- Some research into exciting bubbles to support ultrasound use.



Direct Flow From Within the Shunt

- Implant flow sensor directly into shunt catheter (“smart shunt”)
- Ongoing research – needs to work reliably as permanent implant
- Long regulatory path



Noninvasive Thermal Flow Sensing

- Doesn't require scatterer
- Can be applied as wearable to surface of skin over shunt
- Rhaeos FlowSense® currently in clinical trials for FDA clearance
- Must manage other physiological and environmental thermal signals



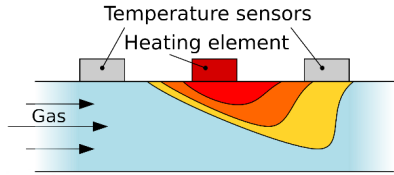
Rhaeos FlowSense®

LEVERAGING PRECISION THERMAL TRANSPORT



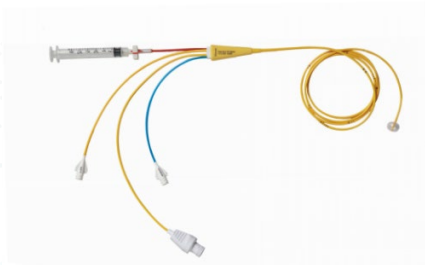
Commercial Examples of thermal flow measurements

Mass-Flow Controllers

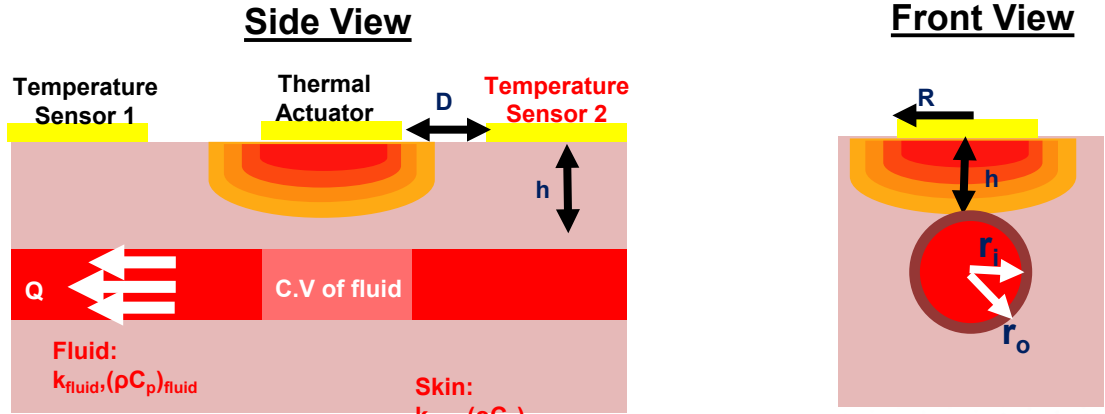


Wikimedia commons

Swan-Ganz Thermodilution Catheter



Edwards Life Sciences



Flow parameter:

$$\Delta T_{\text{sensors}} / T_{\text{actuator}} \equiv \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \alpha(Q, P, D, h, r_i, r_o, R, k_{\text{skin}}, (\rho C_p)_{\text{skin}}, k_{\text{fluid}}, (\rho C_p)_{\text{fluid}})$$

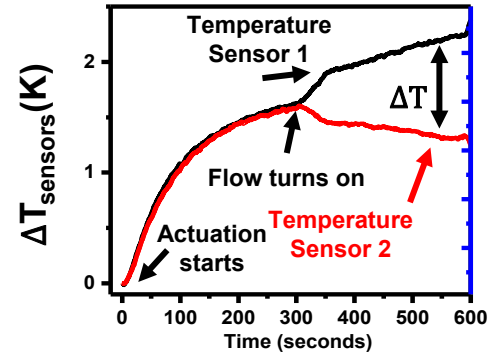
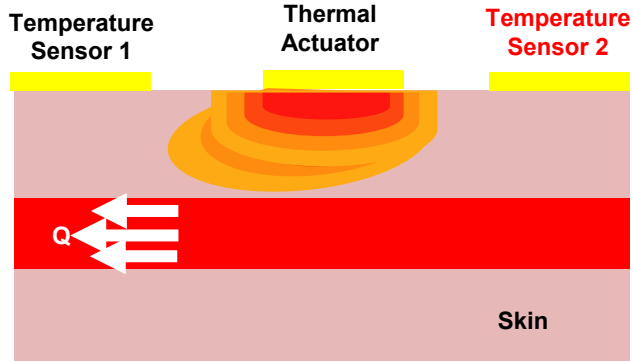
Geometrical parameters

Thermal parameters

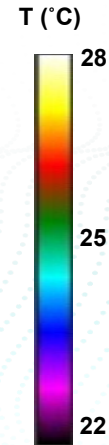
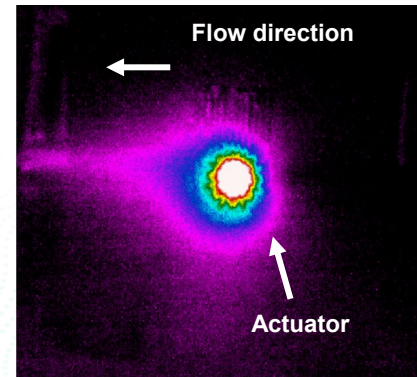
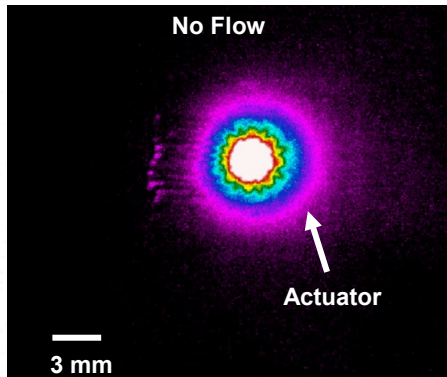
Diffusion through skin: $h \sim \sqrt{\frac{k_{\text{skin}} t}{(\rho C_p)_{\text{skin}}}}$

Thermal mass of flowing fluid: $C_{th} \sim m C_p$

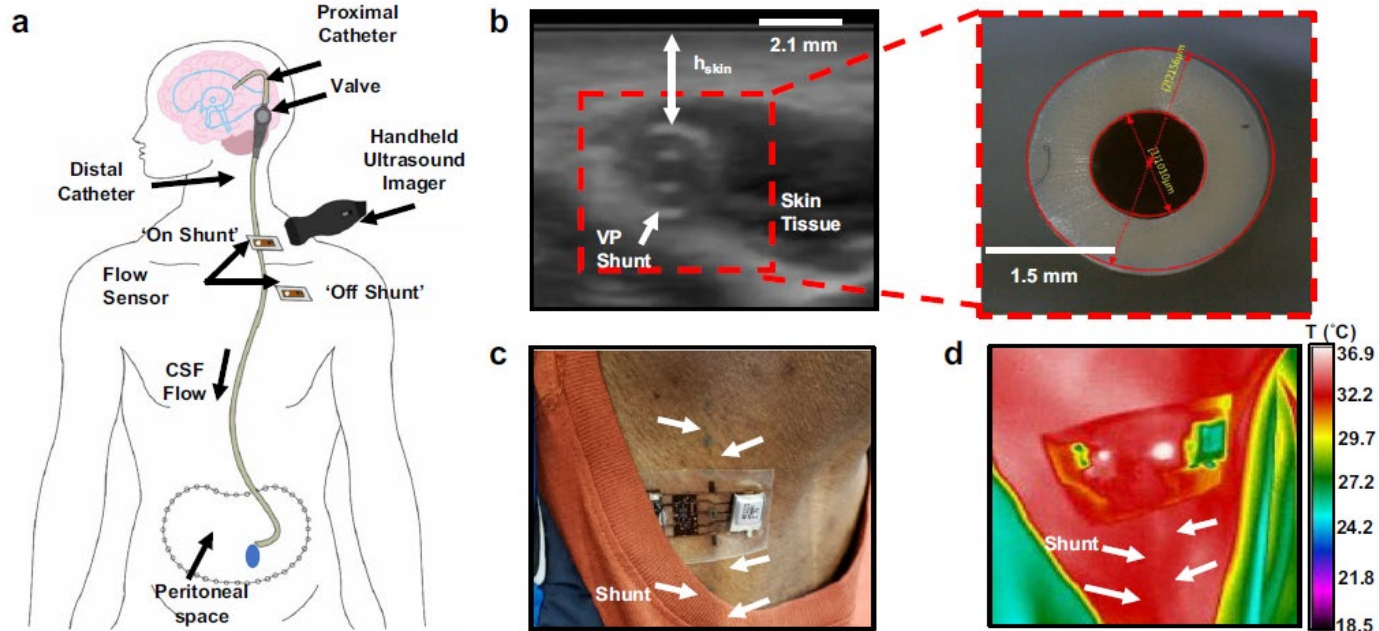
LEVERAGING PRECISION THERMAL TRANSPORT



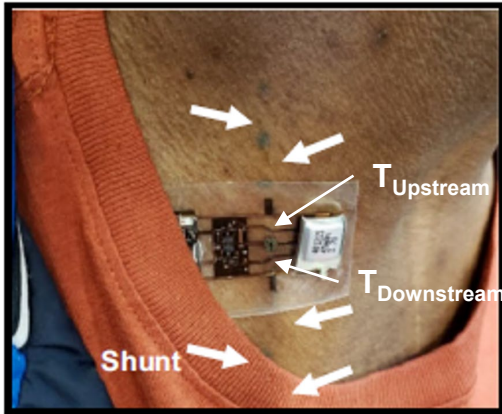
IR Image, Top View



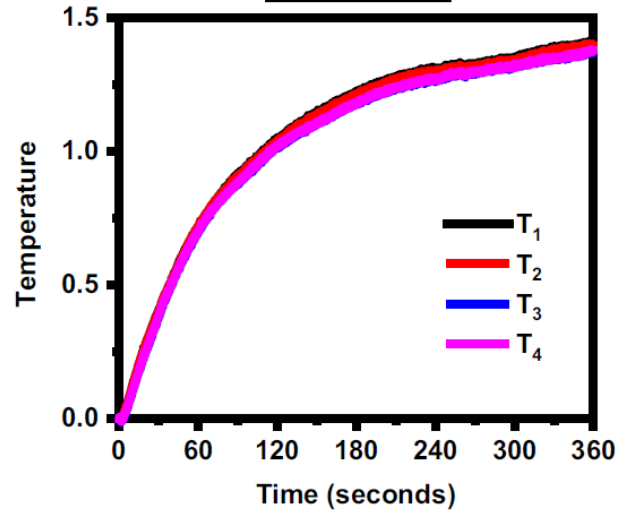
APPLICATIONS TO SHUNTS



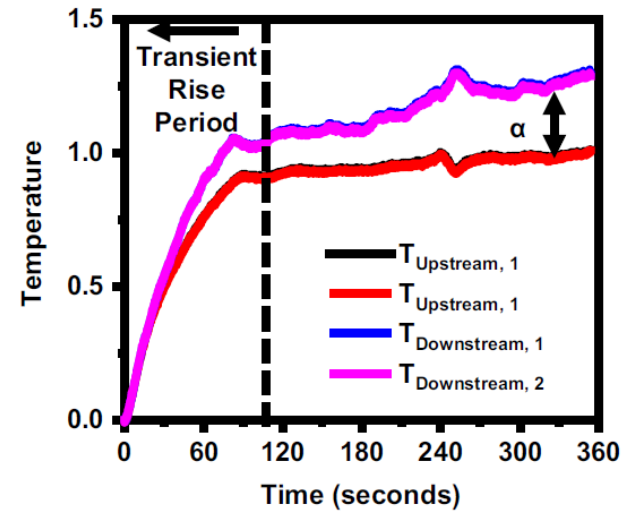
Early Flow Measurements



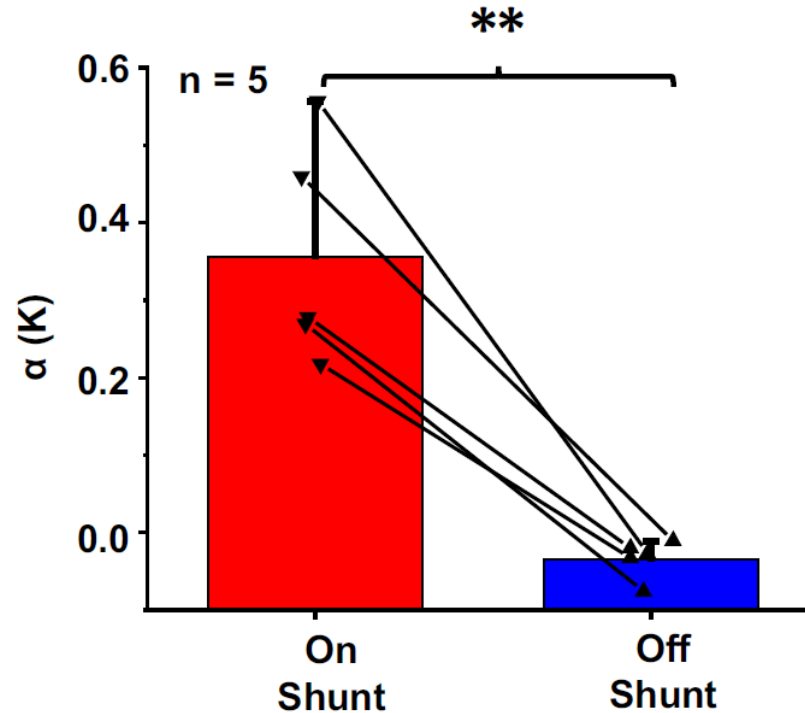
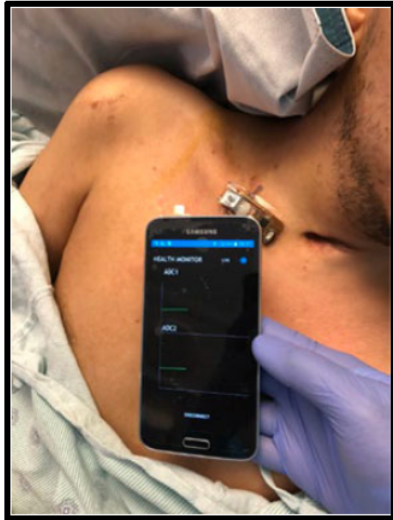
No Flow



CSF Flow



Noninvasively assessing presence of flow in implanted CSF shunts

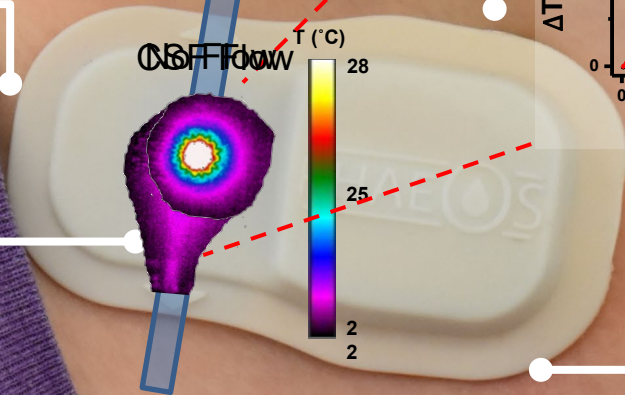
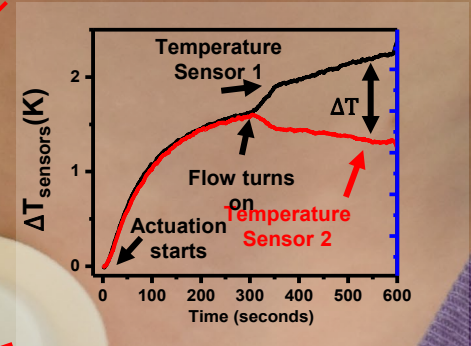


Bluetooth data transmission

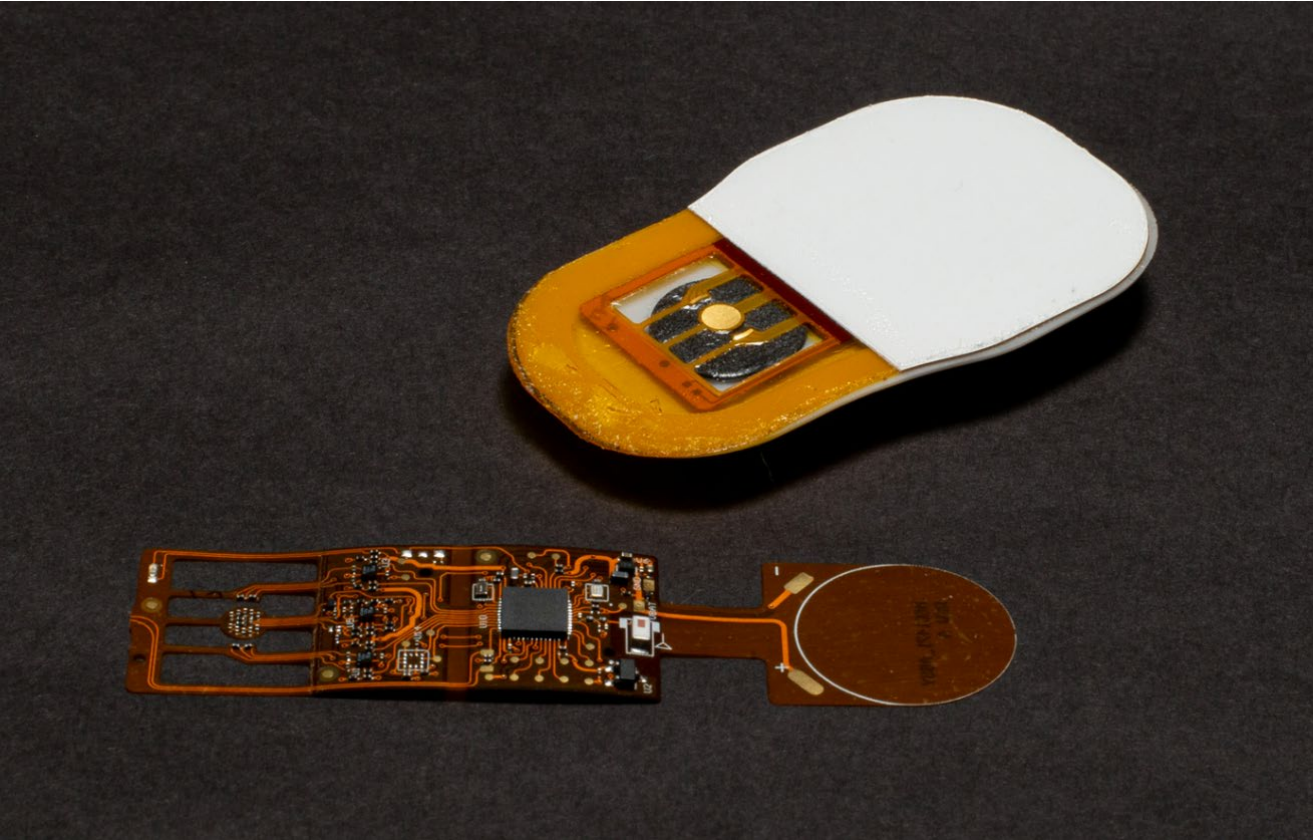
Silicone, skin-safe adhesive

Soft, skin-like electronics

Shunt flow readout via iPad



FLEX ELECTRONICS FOR CONFORMAL CONTACT



BENEFITS OF NONINVASIVE SHUNT ASSESSMENTS



Patients

>50% imaging reduction
>\$500 reduction in out-of-pocket expenses

REDUCED

ER visit length
radiation exposure
diagnostic testing
unnecessary surgeries
readmissions



Providers

Saves >1hr of diagnostic testing time



Payors

>30% reduction in diagnostic testing
>40% reduction in unnecessary admission



Hospitals

Readmissions: up to \$200K/pt

*Numerical assumptions are based on US healthcare data

- Leverage thermal physics + wearable mechanics for noninvasive fluid flow sensing
- Enables new generation of diagnostics for conditions which impact near surface biological fluid flow
- Applications across numerous biological fluids
- Clinical studies in progress for applications in hydrocephalus shunts





CONTACT:

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